



AON7700

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

SRFET™



General Description

The AON7700 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. This device is suitable for use in SMPS and general purpose applications. *Standard Product AON7700 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).*

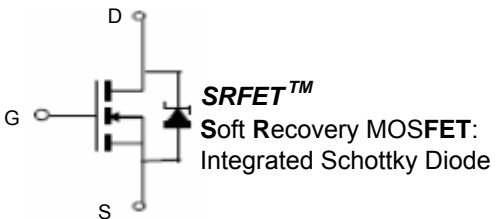
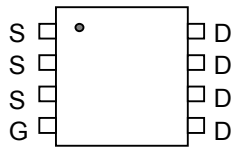
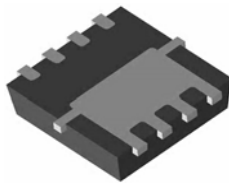
Features

V_{DS} (V) = 30V
 I_D = 12A (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 8.5m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 10m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 4.5V)

DFN 3x3

Top View

Bottom View



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	V
Continuous Drain Current ^{B,H}	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	20	A
	$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	20	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	80	
Continuous Drain Current ^G	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	12	
	$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	11	
Power Dissipation ^B	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	33	W
	$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	13	
Power Dissipation ^A	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	3.1	
	$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	2	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	$t \leq 10s$	30	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
		Steady-State	60	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Case ^D	$R_{\theta JC}$	3.1	3.7	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			100	μA
					500	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=\pm 12\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	1.7	3	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	80			A
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=12\text{A}$		6.7	8.5	m Ω
				9	12	
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=10\text{A}$		8	10	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}$, $I_D=12\text{A}$		27		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.39	0.5	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				6	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$		3395	4250	pF
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance			490		pF
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			185		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$		1	1.5	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $I_D=10\text{A}$		25	33	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			9.5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			8.4		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $R_L=1.25\Omega$, $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		11		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			16		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			38		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			21		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=12\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		28	36	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=12\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		15		nC

A: The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The power dissipation P_{DSM} and current rating I_{DSM} are based on $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $t \leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

B: The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$.

D: The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case $R_{\theta JC}$ and case to ambient.

E: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300 \mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F: These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

H: The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

Rev0: September 2007

COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

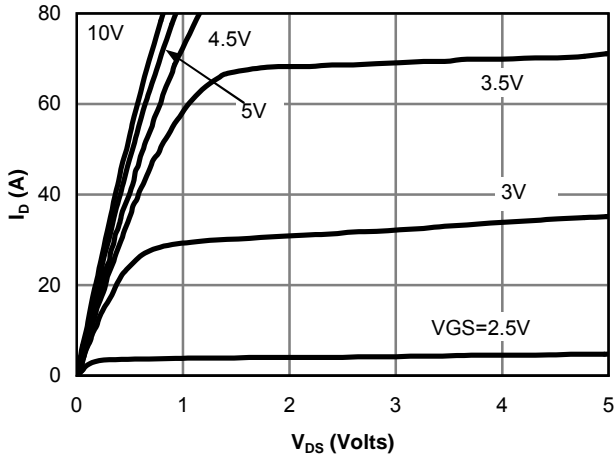


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

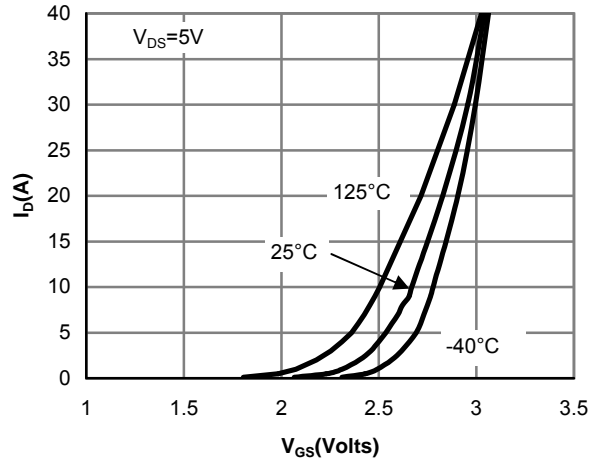


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

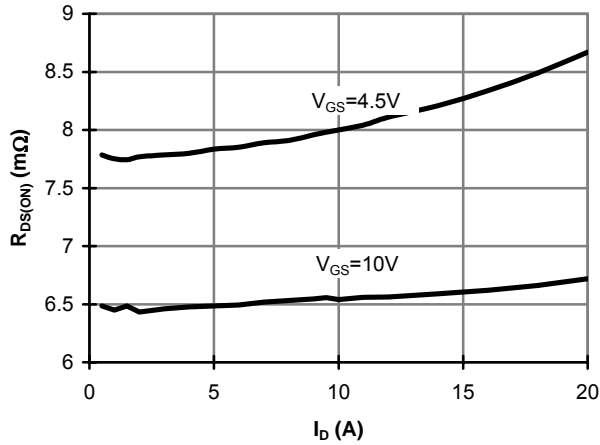


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

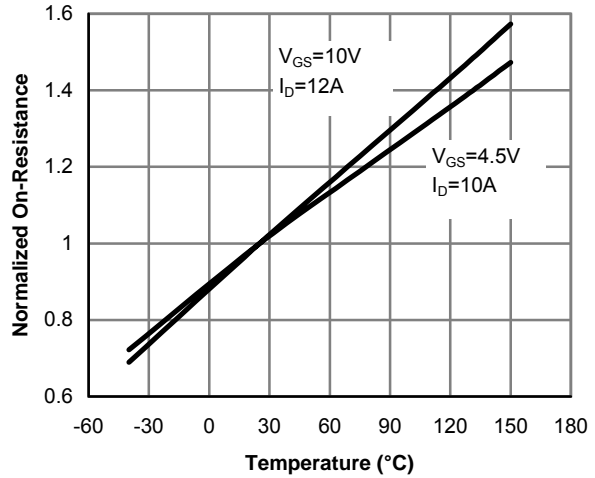


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

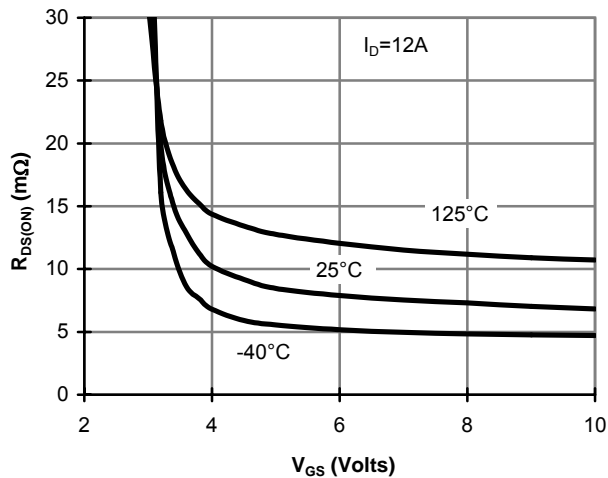


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

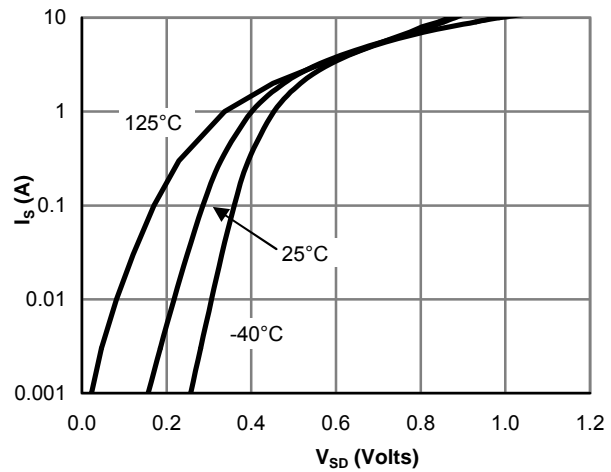


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

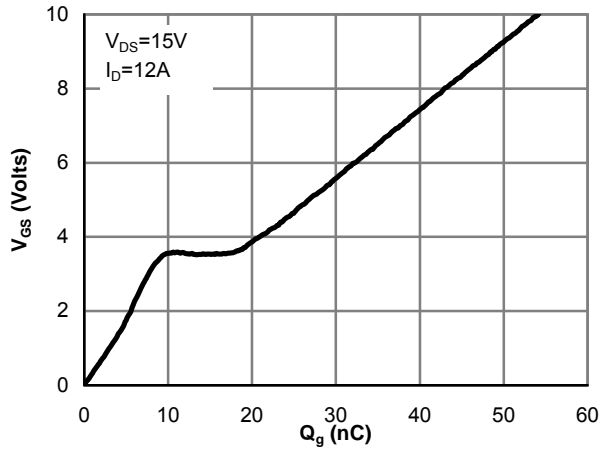


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

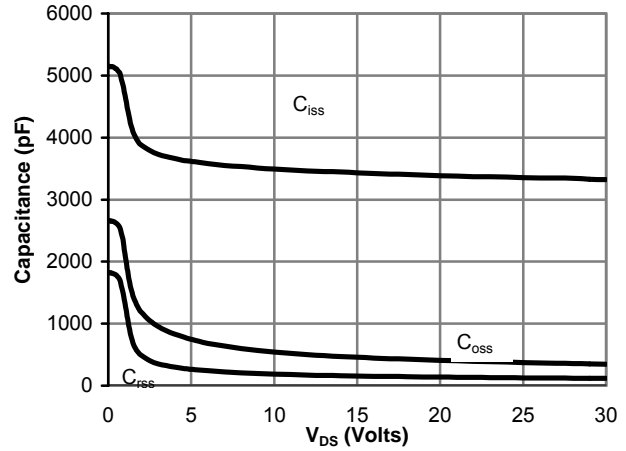


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

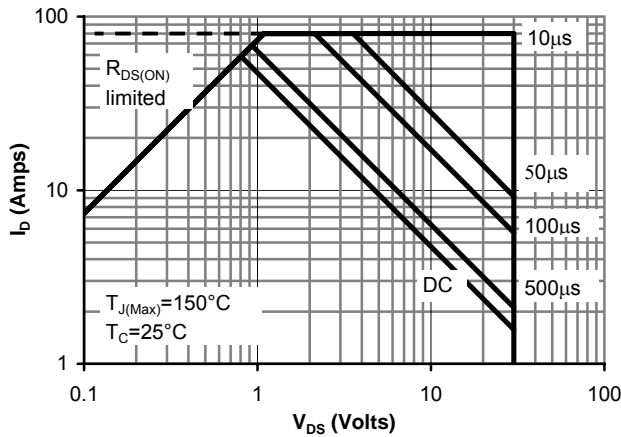


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

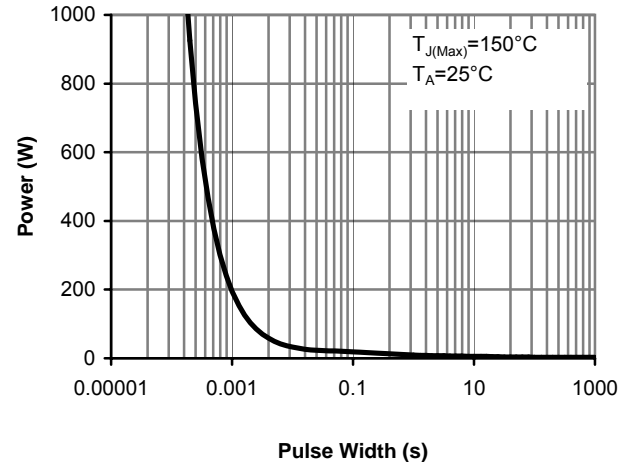


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note G)

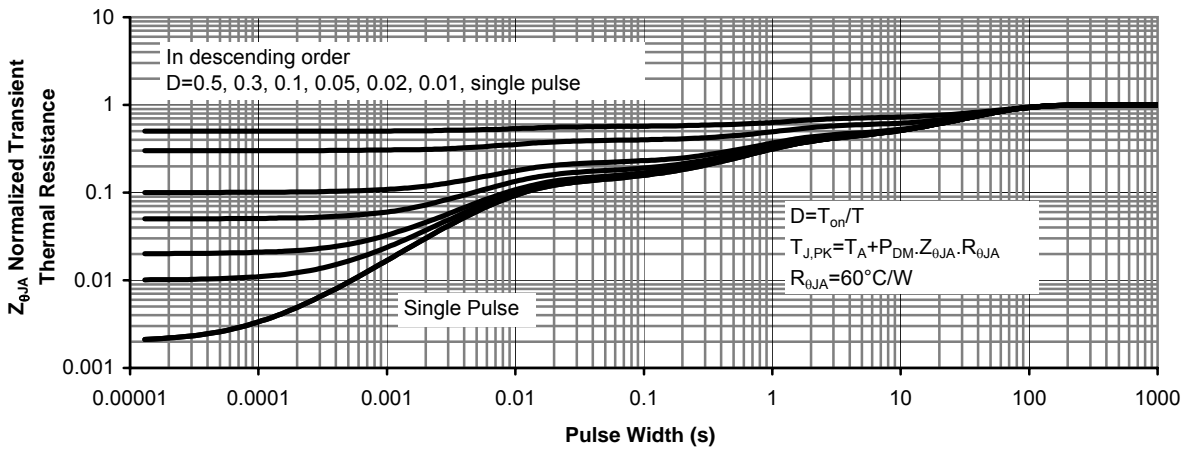


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note G)