



**AON5808**

**Common-Drain Dual N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**



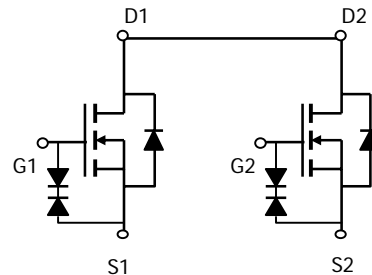
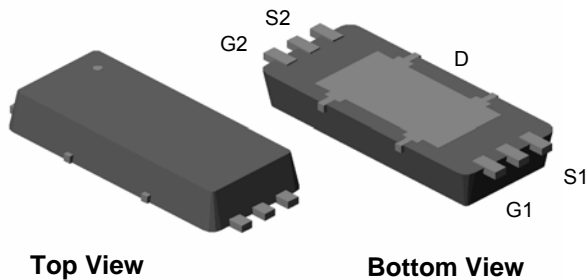
**General Description**

The AON5808 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V while retaining a 12V  $V_{GS(MAX)}$  rating. It is ESD protected. This device is suitable for use as a uni-directional or bi-directional load switch, facilitated by its common-drain configuration. *Standard Product AON5808 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).*

**Features**

- $V_{DS}$  (V) = 20V
- $I_D = 7.2$  A ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 20m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 23m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 32m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS} = 2.5V$ )
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 50m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS} = 1.8V$ )
- ESD Rating: 2000V HBM

**DFN 2X5**



**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	20	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 12$	V
Continuous Drain Current $R_{\theta JA}=75^\circ C/W$	$I_D$	7.2	A
$T_A=25^\circ C$		5.8	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	40	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	1.7	W
$R_{\theta JA}=75^\circ C/W$		1	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	30	40	$^\circ C/W$
$t \leq 10s$		61	75	
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	$R_{\theta JL}$	4.5	6	$^\circ C/W$

Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	20			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =16V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			1 5	μA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±10V			10	μA
BV <sub>GSO</sub>	Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, I <sub>G</sub> =±250μA	±12			V
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	0.5	0.75	1	V
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =5V	40			A
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.2A T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		16 22	20 28	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =6.6A		18	23	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.5A		25	32	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =1.8V, I <sub>D</sub> =2A		35	50	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.2A		25		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.65	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, f=1MHz		615		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			150		pF
C <sub>riss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			120		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		0.9		Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.2A		8.5		nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			1.2		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			3		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	V <sub>GS</sub> =5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, R <sub>L</sub> =1.3Ω, R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω		7		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			13		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time			29		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			11		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =7.2A, di/dt=100A/μs		15		ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =7.2A, di/dt=100A/μs		5		nC

A: The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C.

The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C: The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R<sub>θJL</sub> and lead to ambient.

D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev 1: Nov 2006

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

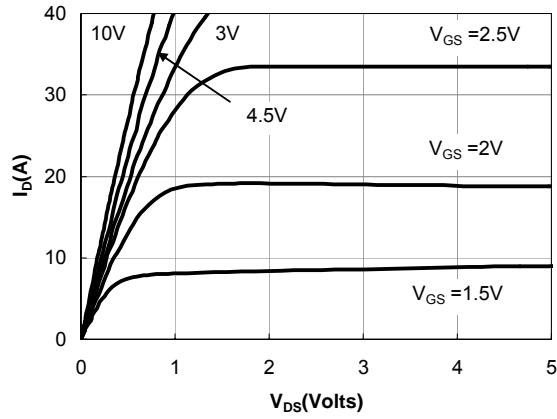


Figure 1: On-Regions Characteristics

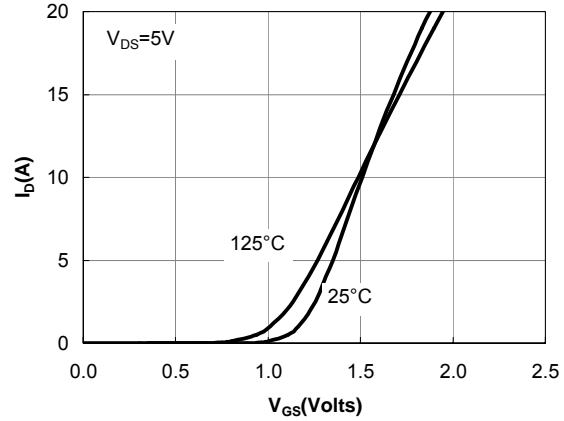


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

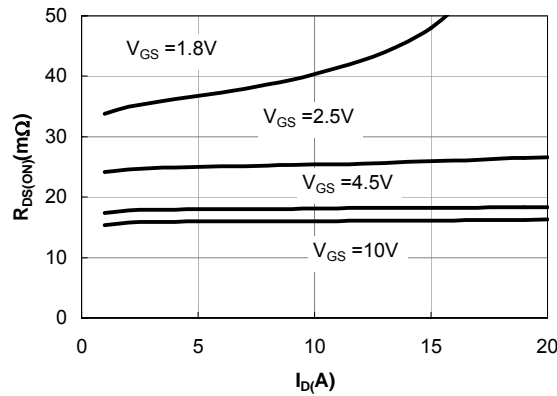


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

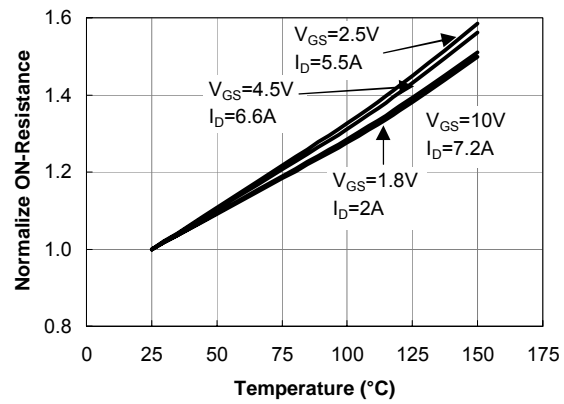


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

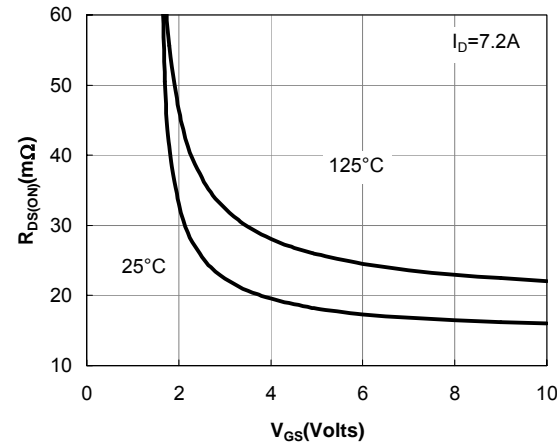


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

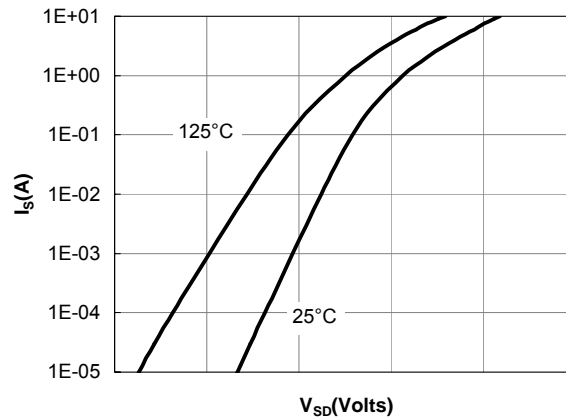


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

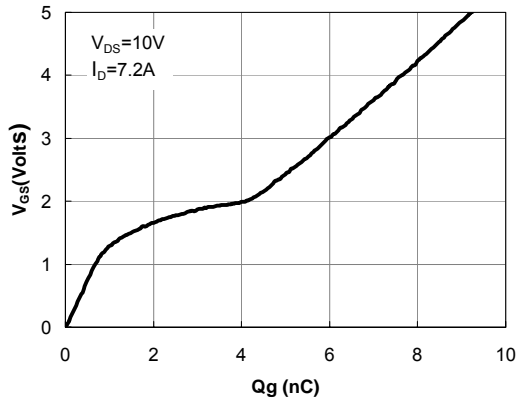


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

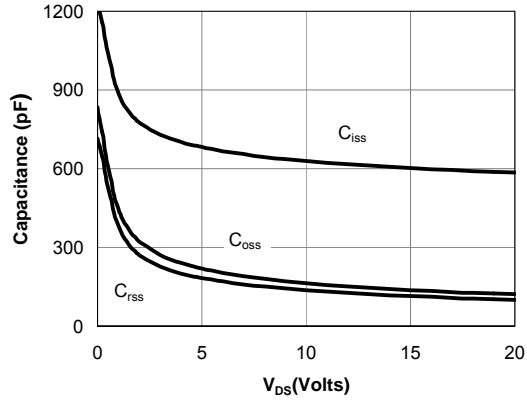


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

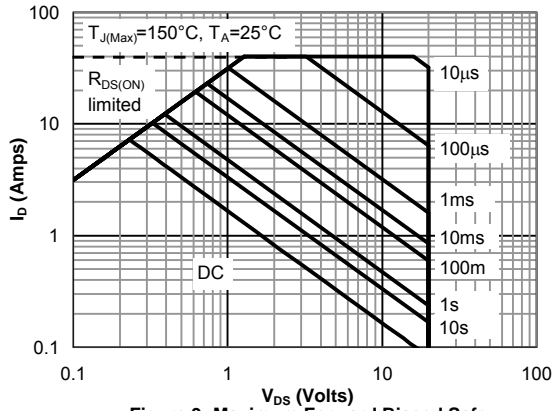


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

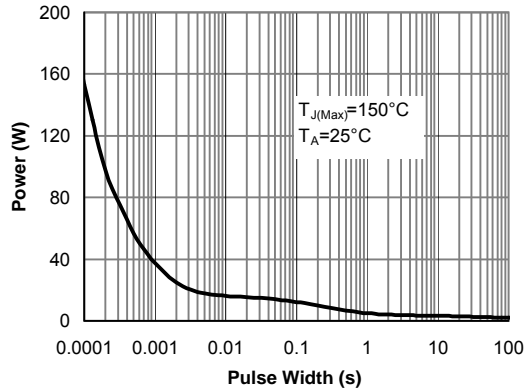


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note E)

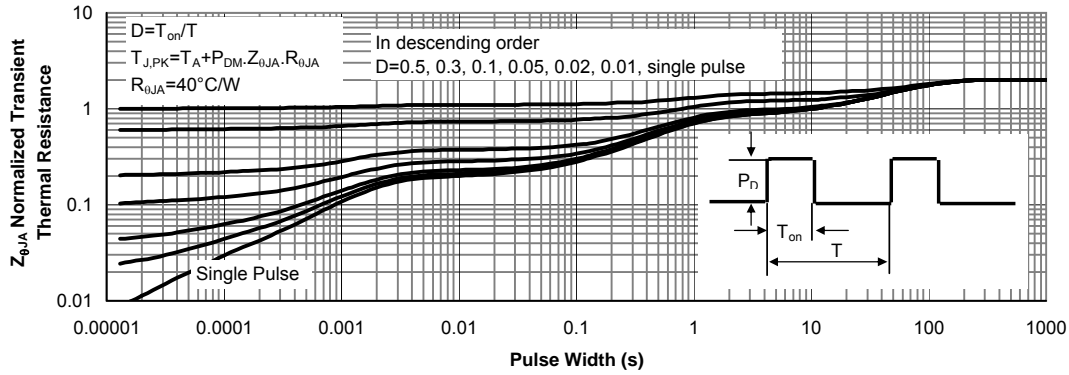


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note E)