

**AOL1413**  
**P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

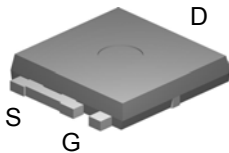
**General Description**

The AOL1413 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and ultra-low low gate charge with a 25V gate rating. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. The device is ESD protected. *Standard product AOL1413 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).*

**Features**

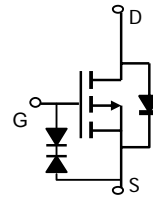
$V_{DS}$  (V) = -30V  
 $I_D$  = -20A ( $V_{GS}$  = -10V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 17m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = -10V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 36m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = -5V)  
 ESD Protected!

Ultra SO-8™ Top View



Bottom tab  
connected to  
drain

**Fits SOIC8  
footprint !**


**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 25$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	A
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	-70	A
Continuous Drain Current <sup>A</sup>	$I_{DSM}$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	W
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	W
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	W
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	$t \leq 10\text{s}$	18	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
		Steady-State	49	
Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>B</sup>	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.9	4	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-30\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1 -5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=\pm 25\text{V}$			$\pm 10$	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.5	-2.5	-3.5	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-70			A
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $I_D=-20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		13.5 18.5	17 24	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-5\text{V}$ , $I_D=-20\text{A}$		28	36	
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$ , $I_D=20\text{A}$		27		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.72	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-40	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance			1760	2200	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$		360		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			255		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$		6.4	8	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			30	38	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $I_D=-20\text{A}$		11		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			7		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			8		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time			11.5		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $R_L=0.75\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		8		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			35		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			18.5		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-20\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		24	30	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-20\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		16		nC

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $t < 10\text{s}$   $R_{\theta JA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of  $175^\circ\text{C}$  may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $< 300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $\bar{T}_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Rev0: Sep, 2007

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

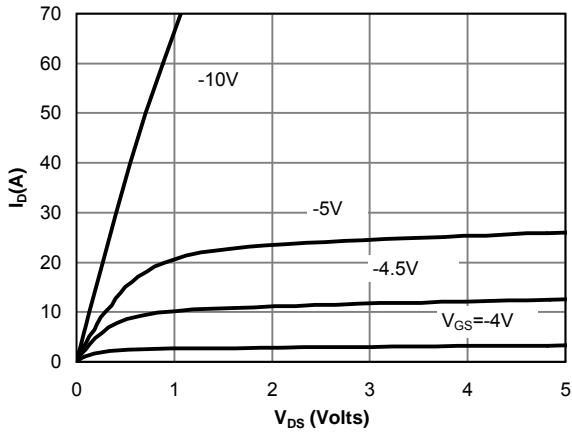


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

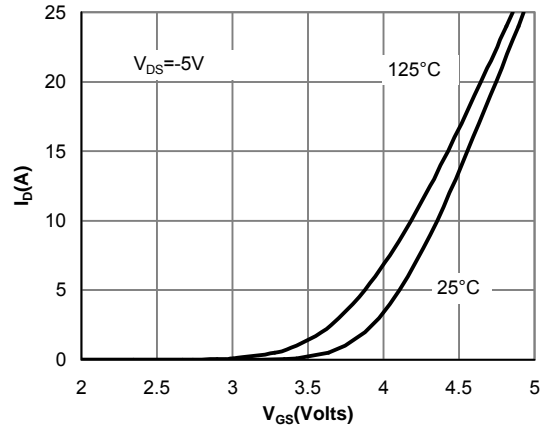


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

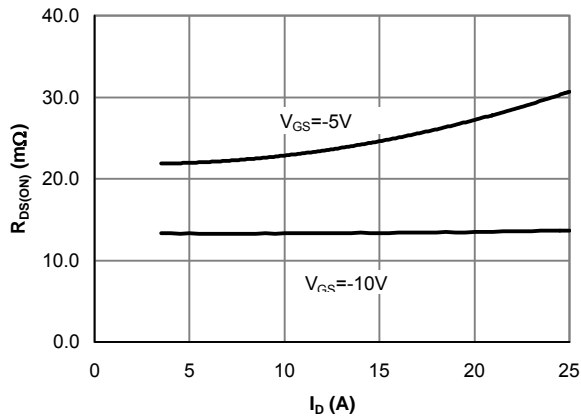


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

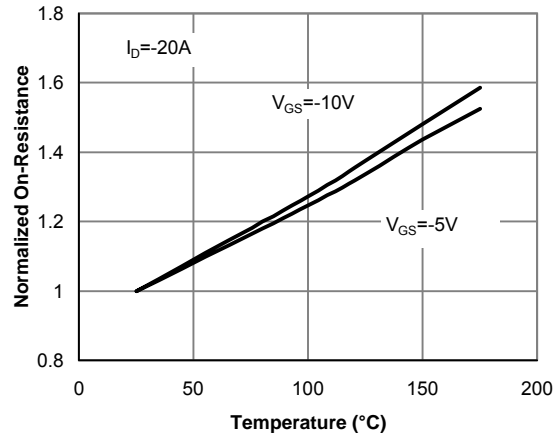


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

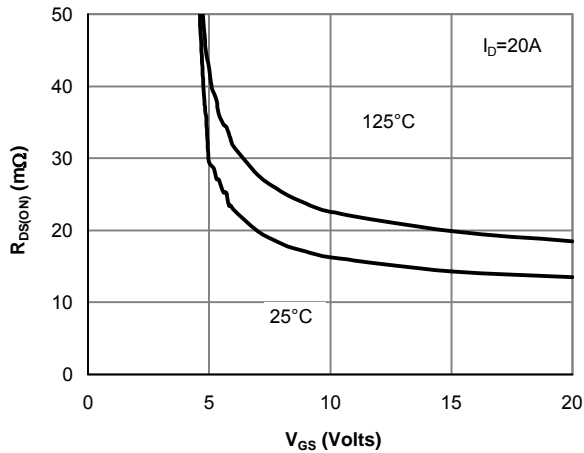


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

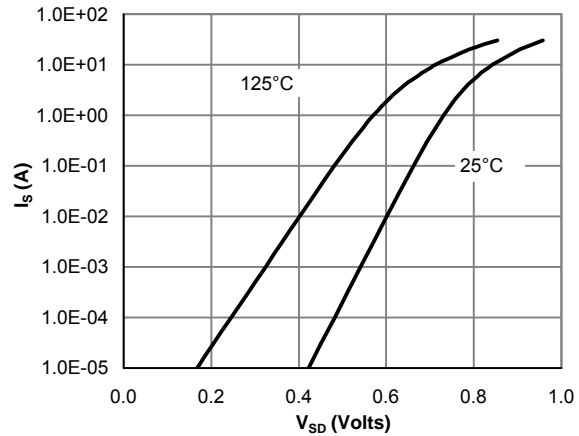


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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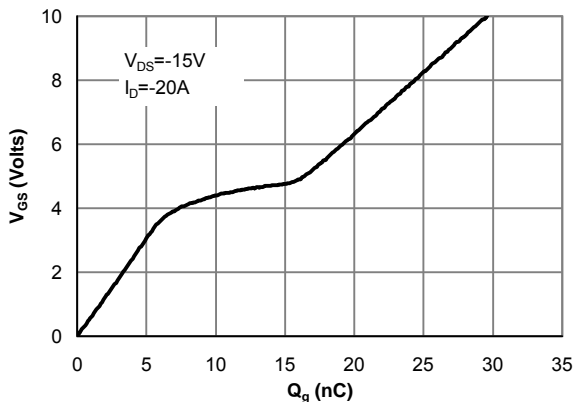


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

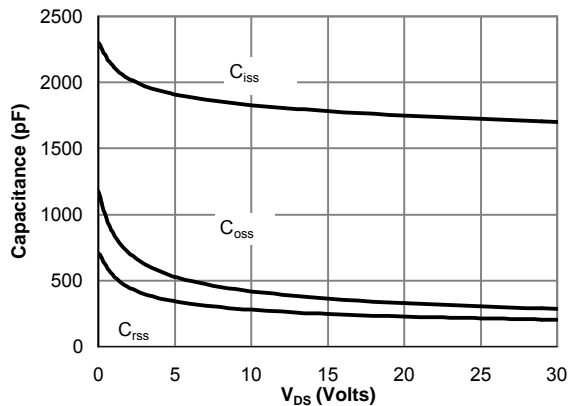


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

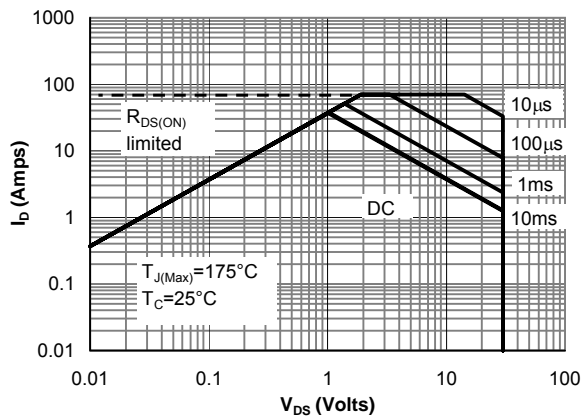


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

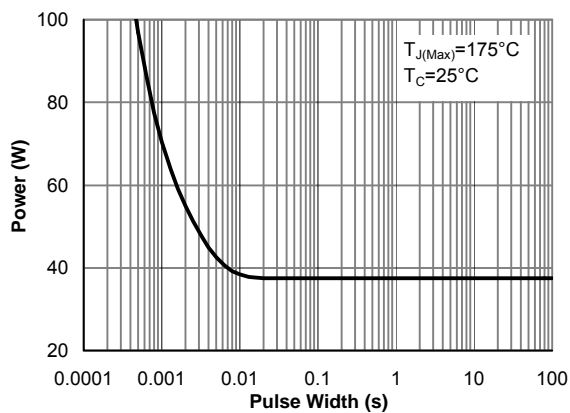


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

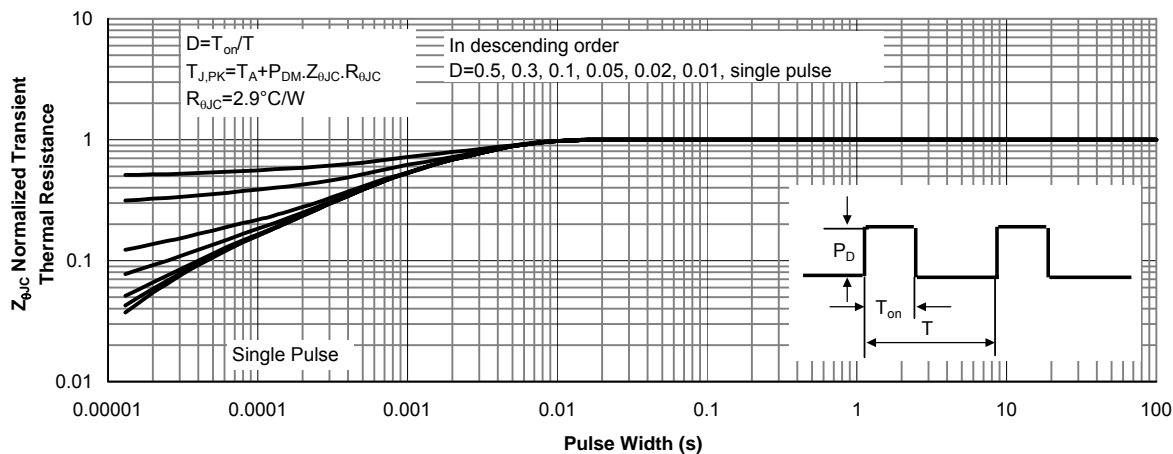


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

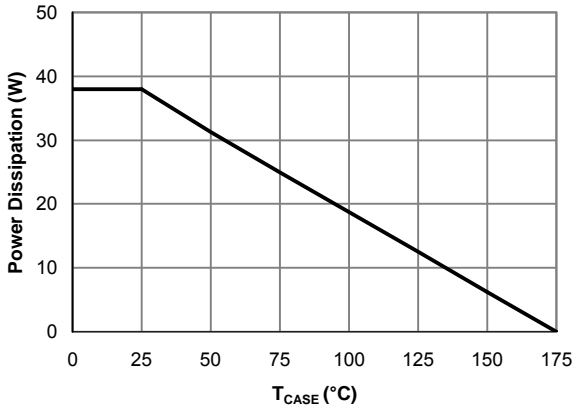


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

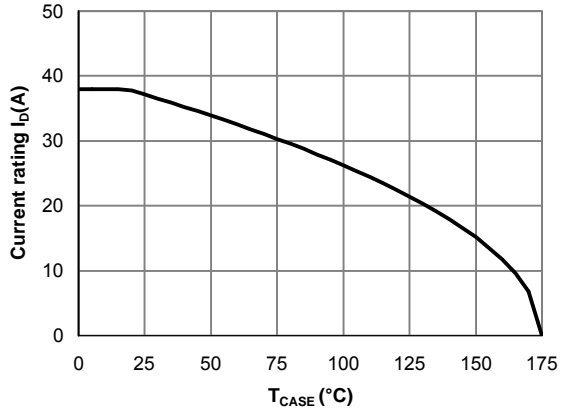


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

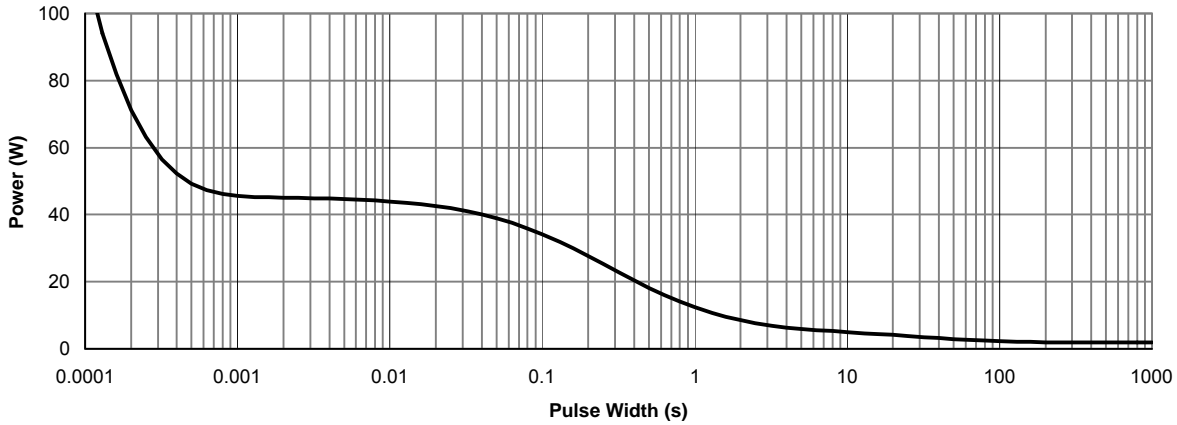


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

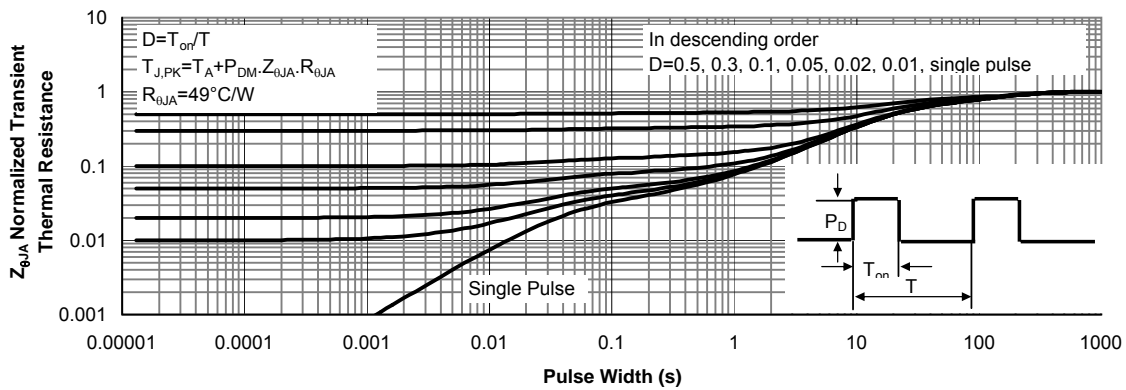


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)