



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR



**AO4724**

**N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

**SRFET™**

**General Description**

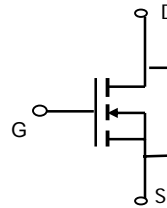
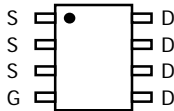
**SRFET™** The AO4724 uses advanced trench technology with a monolithically integrated Schottky diode to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a low side FET in SMPS, load switching and general purpose applications. Standard product AO4724 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).

**Features**

$V_{DS}$  (V) = 30V  
 $I_D$  = 10.5A ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 17.5m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 29 m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 4.5V)

**UIS TESTED!**  
**Rg,Ciss,Coss,Crss Tested**

**SOIC-8**



**SRFET™**  
**Soft Recovery MOSFET:**  
**Integrated Schottky Diode**

**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum		Units	
		10 Sec	Steady State		
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30		V	
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$		V	
Continuous Drain Current <sup>AF</sup>	$I_D$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	10.5	7.7	A
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	8.5	6.2	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	80			
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	3.1	1.7	W
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	2.0	1.1	
Avalanche Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{AR}$	13		A	
Repetitive avalanche energy 0.3mH <sup>B</sup>	$E_{AR}$	25		mJ	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$	

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>AF</sup> $t \leq 10\text{s}$	$R_{\theta JA}$	31	40	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup> Steady-State		59	75	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup> Steady-State	$R_{\theta JL}$	16	24	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			0.1 20	mA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20V			100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	1.3	1.64	2	V
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =5V	80			A
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =10.5A T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		14.4 21.5	17.5 25.8	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =8A		22.7	29.0	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =10.5A		23		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.4	0.5	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode + Schottky Continuous Current				4.8	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz		696	900	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			199		pF
C <sub>riss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			81		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		1.2	1.8	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g(10V)</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =10.5A		12.4	16	nC
Q <sub>g(4.5V)</sub>	Total Gate Charge			6.1	8	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			2.04		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			2.7		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, R <sub>L</sub> =1.43Ω, R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω		2.6		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			6.8		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time			17		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.6		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =10.5A, dI/dt=300A/μs		20.2	26	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =10.5A, dI/dt=300A/μs		7.9		nC

A: The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C: The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R<sub>θJL</sub> and lead to ambient.

D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F: The current rating is based on the 10s junction to ambient thermal resistance rating.

Rev1: May. 2007

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

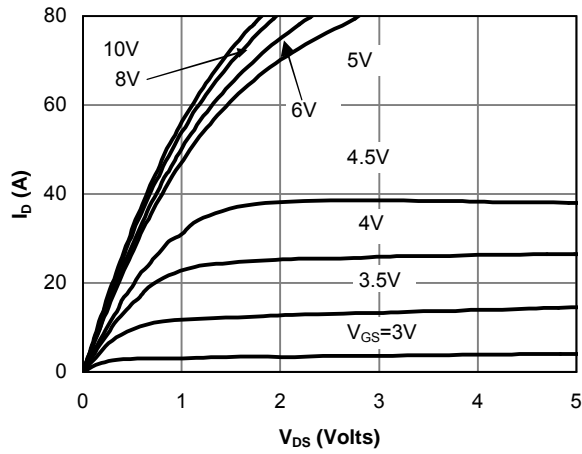


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

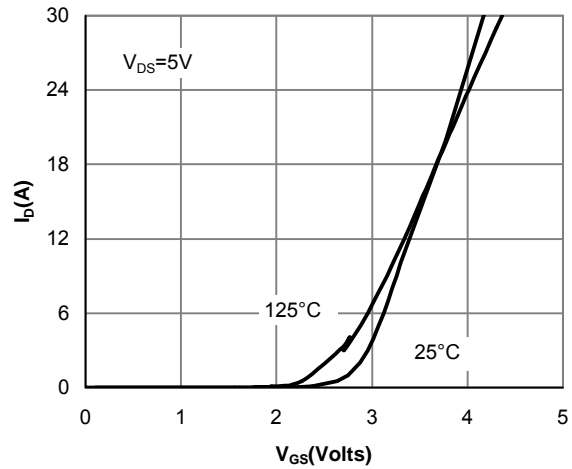


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

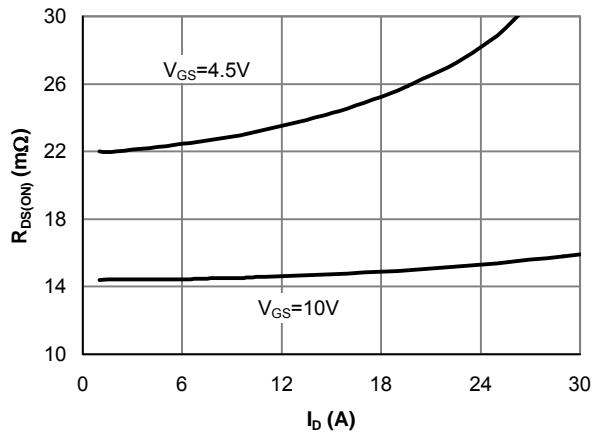


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

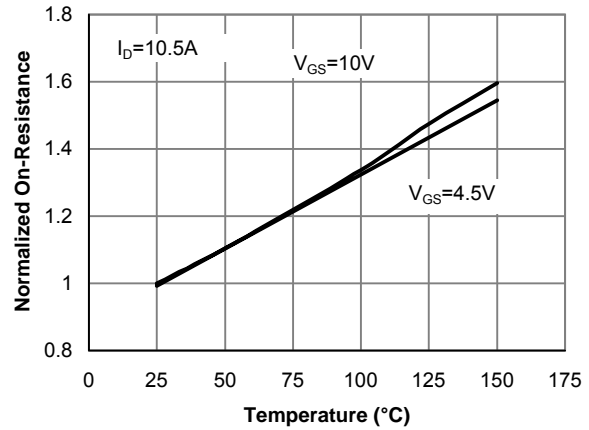


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

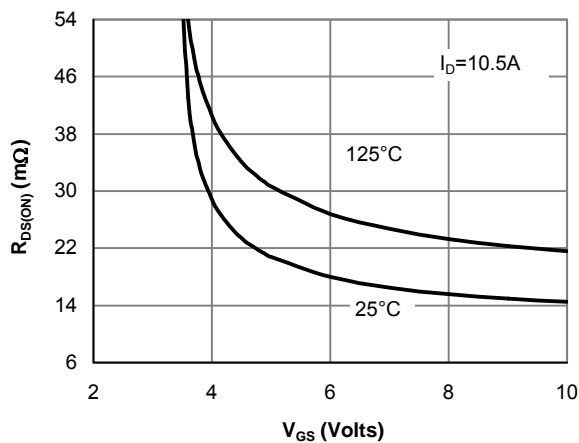


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

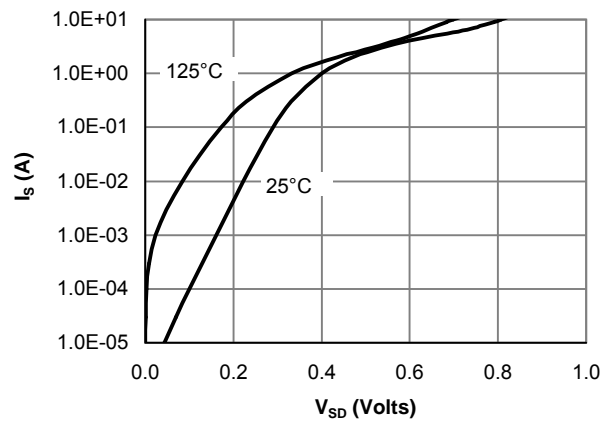


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

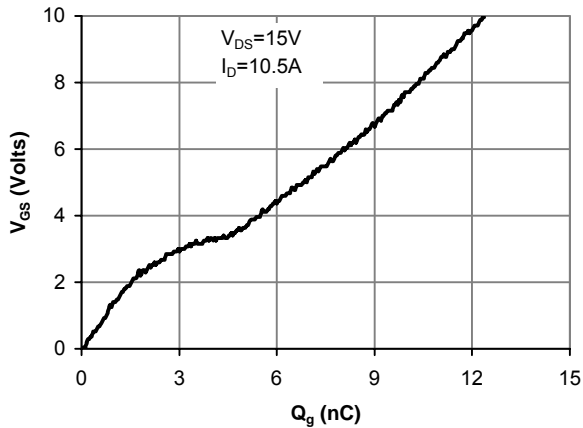


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

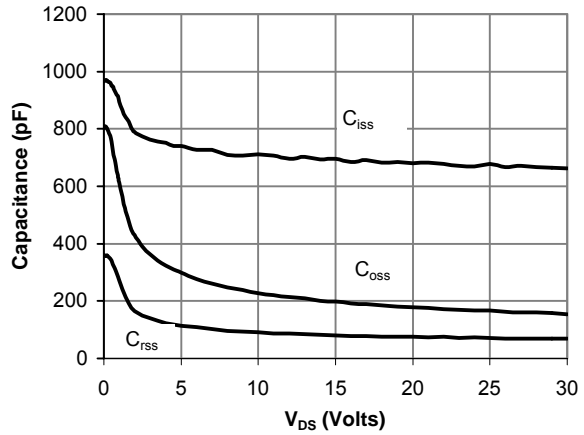


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

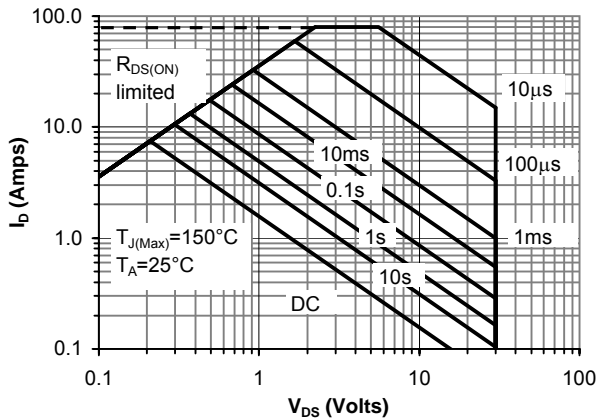


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

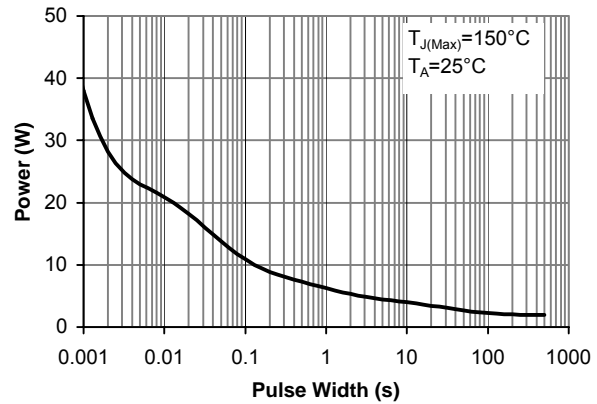


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

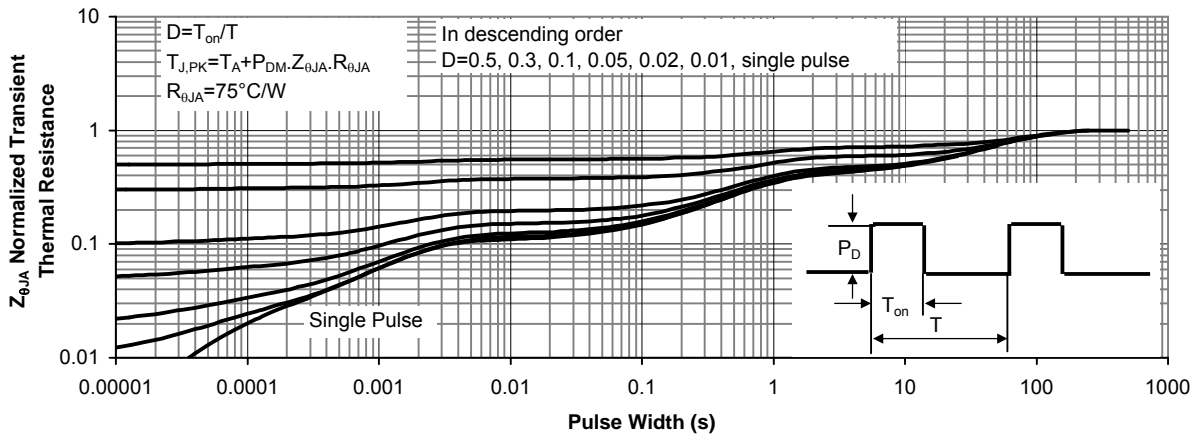


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance